- 2 **SB 6183** S AMD 397
- 3 By Senators Hargrove and Finkbeiner
- 4 ADOPTED 05/14/01
- 5 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the 6 following:
- 7 "Sec. 1. RCW 29.30.085 and 1992 c 181 s 2 are each amended to read 8 as follows:
- 9 (1) Except as provided in RCW 29.30.086 and in subsection (2) of
- 10 this section, on the ballot at the general election for ((a
- 11 nonpartisan)) an office for which a primary was held, only the names of
- 12 the candidate who received the greatest number of votes and the
- 13 candidate who received the next greatest number of votes for that
- 14 office shall appear under the title of that office, and the names shall
- 15 appear in that order. If a primary was conducted, no candidate's name
- 16 may be printed on the subsequent general election ballot unless he or
- 17 she receives at least one percent of the total votes cast for that
- 18 office at the preceding primary. On the ballot at the general election
- 19 for ((any other nonpartisan)) an office for which no primary was held,
- 20 the names of the candidates shall be listed in the order determined
- 21 under RCW 29.30.025.
- 22 (2) On the ballot at the general election for the office of justice
- 23 of the supreme court, judge of the court of appeals, judge of the
- 24 superior court, or state superintendent of public instruction, if a
- 25 candidate in a contested primary receives a majority of all the votes
- 26 cast for that office or position, only the name of that candidate may
- 27 be printed under the title of the office for that position.
- 28 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** A new section is added to chapter 29.07 RCW
- 29 to read as follows:
- 30 Under no circumstances may an individual be required to affiliate
- 31 with, join, adhere to, express faith in, or declare a preference for,
- 32 a political party or organization upon registering to vote.
- 33 NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 29.18 RCW
- 34 to read as follows:

- 1 (1) A primary is a critical stage in the public process by which 2 voters elect candidates to public office. A primary may not be used to 3 select the nominees of a political party.
- 4 (2) Whenever candidates for a partisan office are to be elected, 5 the general election must be preceded by a primary conducted under this 6 chapter, except as otherwise provided in law. Based upon votes cast at 7 the primary, either one or two candidates must be certified as 8 qualified to appear on the general election ballot, under RCW 29.27.050 9 and 29.30.085.
- 10 (3) If a candidate expresses a party preference on his or her declaration of candidacy, then the preference will be listed for the 11 candidate on the primary and general election ballots. Each candidate 12 13 who does not express a preference for a political party will be listed as an independent candidate on the primary and general election 14 15 ballots. Party preferences will be listed for the information of voters only, and may not be used for any purpose relating to the 16 conduct, canvassing, or certification of the primary, and may in no way 17 limit the options available to voters in deciding for whom to cast a 18 19 vote.
- 20 **Sec. 4.** RCW 29.01.090 and 1977 ex.s. c 329 s 9 are each amended to 21 read as follows:
- 22 "Major political party" means a political party of which at least 23 one ((nominee for president, vice president, United States senator, or 24 a statewide office received at least five percent of the total vote 25 cast at the last preceding state general election in an even-numbered year: PROVIDED, That any political party qualifying as a major 26 political party under the previous subsection (2) or subsection (3) of 27 this section prior to its 1977 amendment shall retain such status until 28 29 after the next state general election following June 30, 1977)) candidate for an office voted upon statewide who expressed a preference 30 for that party on his or her declaration of candidacy received at least 31 five percent of the total vote cast at the last preceding primary 32 33 election or general election occurring in a year in which the governor 34 is elected.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 29.01 RCW to read as follows:
- 37 "Partisan office" means the following offices:

- 1 (1) United States senator and United States representative;
- 2 (2) All state offices except (a) judicial offices and (b) the 3 office of superintendent of public instruction;
- 4 (3) All county offices except (a) judicial offices and (b) those 5 offices where a county home rule charter provides otherwise.
- 6 **Sec. 6.** RCW 29.01.130 and 1965 c 9 s 29.01.130 are each amended to 7 read as follows:
- 8 "Primary" or "primary election" means a statutory procedure ((for 9 nominating candidates to public office at the polls)) held before a general election by which each voter is permitted to cast a vote for 10 his or her preferred candidate for each office appearing on the ballot, 11 without any limitation based on party preference or affiliation, of 12 either the voter or the candidate, with the result of qualifying not 13 more than two candidates for each office to appear on the general 14 15 election ballot.
- 16 **Sec. 7.** RCW 29.04.180 and 1999 c 157 s 1 are each amended to read 17 as follows:
- 18 (1) Any person who desires to be a write-in candidate and have such votes counted at a primary or election may((, if the jurisdiction of 19 the office sought is entirely within one county,)) file a declaration 20 21 of candidacy ((with the county auditor not later than the day before 22 the primary or election. If the jurisdiction of the office sought 23 encompasses more than one county the declaration of candidacy shall be 24 filed)) similar to the form in RCW 29.15.010 with the ((secretary of state)) same officer as provided in RCW 29.15.030 not later than the 25 day before the primary or election. Declarations of candidacy for 26 27 write-in candidates must be accompanied by a filing fee in the same 28 manner as required of other candidates filing for the office as provided in RCW 29.15.050. 29
- (2) Votes cast for write-in candidates who have filed such 30 declarations of candidacy ((and write in votes for persons appointed by 31 32 political parties pursuant to RCW 29.18.160)) need only specify the 33 name of the candidate in the appropriate location on the ballot in order to be counted. Write-in votes cast for any other candidate, in 34 35 order to be counted, must designate the office sought and position number ((or political party)), if applicable. In order for write-in 36 37 votes to be valid in jurisdictions employing optical-scan mark sense

- 1 ballot systems the voter must complete the proper mark next to the 2 write-in line for that office.
- 3 (3) No person may file as a write-in candidate where:
- 4 (((1))) <u>(a)</u> At a general election, the person attempting to file 5 either filed as a write-in candidate for the same office at the 6 preceding primary or the person's name appeared on the ballot for the 7 same office at the preceding primary;
- 8 (((2))) (b) The person attempting to file as a write-in candidate 9 has already filed a valid write-in declaration for that primary or 10 election, unless one or the other of the two filings is for the office 11 of precinct committeeperson;
- $((\frac{3}{3}))$ (c) The name of the person attempting to file already appears on the ballot as a candidate for another office, unless one of the two offices for which he or she is a candidate is precinct committeeperson.
- (4) The declaration of candidacy shall be similar to that required 16 17 by RCW 29.15.010. No write-in candidate filing under RCW 29.04.180 may be included in any voter's pamphlet produced under chapter ((29.80))18 19 29.81 RCW unless that candidate qualifies to have his or her name printed on the general election ballot. The legislative authority of 20 any jurisdiction producing a local voter's pamphlet under chapter 21 29.81A RCW may provide, by ordinance, for the inclusion of write-in 22 23 candidates in such pamphlets.
- 24 **Sec. 8.** RCW 29.04.190 and 1988 c 181 s 2 are each amended to read 25 as follows:
- The secretary of state <u>or county auditor who received a write-in</u> declaration for a district encompassing more than one county shall notify each county auditor of any declarations filed with the secretary under RCW 29.04.180 for offices appearing on the ballot in that county. The county auditor shall ensure that those persons charged with counting the ballots for a primary or election are notified of all
- 33 **Sec. 9.** RCW 29.13.070 and 1977 ex.s. c 361 s 29 are each amended to read as follows:

valid write-in candidates before the tabulation of those ballots.

32

((Nominating)) Primaries for general elections to be held in November shall be held at the regular polling places in each precinct on the third Tuesday of the preceding September or on the seventh

- 1 Tuesday immediately preceding such general election, whichever occurs 2 first.
- 3 **Sec. 10.** RCW 29.15.010 and 1990 c 59 s 82 are each amended to read 4 as follows:
- A ((candidate)) person who desires to have his or her name printed 5 on the ballot <u>as a candidate</u> for ((election to)) an office <u>where</u> 6 7 ownership of property is not a prerequisite to vote, other than president of the United States $((\tau))$ or vice president of the United 8 9 States, ((or an office for which ownership of property is a prerequisite to voting)) shall complete and file a declaration and 10 affidavit of candidacy for the office. The secretary of state shall 11 adopt, by rule, a ((declaration of candidacy)) separate form for 12 candidates for the office of precinct committee officer and a 13 14 ((separate)) standard form for candidates for all other offices filing under this chapter. Included on the standard form ((shall)) must be: 15
- 16 (1) A place for the candidate to declare that he or she is a 17 registered voter within the jurisdiction of the office for which he or 18 she is filing, and the address at which he or she is registered;
- 19 (2) A place for the candidate to indicate the position for which he 20 or she is filing;
- 21 (3) For partisan offices only, a place for the candidate to 22 indicate ((a party designation, if applicable)) which major or minor 23 political party, if any, or independent status, the candidate regards 24 as best approximating his or her personal preference. A candidate may 25 only list one party preference or may list independent;
 - (4) A place for the candidate to indicate the amount of the filing fee accompanying the declaration <u>and affidavit</u> of candidacy or for the candidate to indicate that he or she is filing a ((nominating)) petition of candidacy in lieu of the filing fee under RCW 29.15.050;
- 30 (5) A place for the candidate to sign the declaration <u>and affidavit</u>
 31 of candidacy, stating that the information provided on the form is true
 32 and swearing or affirming that he or she will support the Constitution
 33 and laws of the United States and the Constitution and laws of the
 34 state of Washington((-
- 35 The secretary of state may require)); and

27

28 29

36 <u>(6) Any other information ((on the form he or she)) that the</u> 37 <u>secretary of state</u> deems appropriate to facilitate the filing process.

- 1 **Sec. 11.** RCW 29.15.025 and 1999 c 298 s 9 are each amended to read 2 as follows:
- 3 (1) A person filing a declaration and affidavit of candidacy for an 4 office shall, at the time of filing, be a registered voter and possess 5 the qualifications specified by law for persons who may be elected to 6 the office.
- 7 (2) The name of a candidate for an office shall not appear on a 8 ballot for that office unless, except as provided in RCW 3.46.067 and 9 3.50.057, the candidate is, at the time the candidate's declaration and 10 affidavit of candidacy is filed, properly registered to vote in the geographic area represented by the office. For the purposes of this 11 section, each geographic area in which registered voters may cast 12 13 ballots for an office is represented by that office. If a person elected to an office must be ((nominated)) qualified from a district or 14 15 similar division of the geographic area represented by the office, the 16 name of a candidate for the office shall not appear on a primary ballot for that office unless the candidate is, at the time the candidate's 17 declaration and affidavit of candidacy is filed, properly registered to 18 19 vote in that district or division. The officer with whom declarations and affidavits of candidacy must be filed under this title shall review 20 each such declaration filed regarding compliance with this subsection. 21
- 22 (3) This section does not apply to the office of a member of the 23 United States congress.
- 24 **Sec. 12.** RCW 29.15.040 and 1987 c 110 s 2 are each amended to read 25 as follows:
- Any candidate may mail his or her declaration of candidacy for an office to the filing officer. Such declarations of candidacy shall be processed by the filing officer in the following manner:
- (1) Any declaration received by the filing officer by mail before the tenth business day immediately preceding the first day for candidates to file for office shall be returned to the candidate submitting it, together with a notification that the declaration of candidacy was received too early to be processed. The candidate shall then be permitted to resubmit his or her declaration of candidacy during the filing period.
- 36 (2) Any properly executed declaration of candidacy received by mail 37 on or after the tenth business day immediately preceding the first day 38 for candidates to file for office and before the close of business on

- the last day of the filing period shall be included with filings made in person during the filing period. In <u>primaries for</u> partisan <u>offices</u> and judicial ((elections)) <u>offices</u> the filing officer shall determine by lot the order in which the names of those candidates shall appear
- 6 (3) Any declaration of candidacy received by the filing officer 7 after the close of business on the last day for candidates to file for 8 office shall be rejected and returned to the candidate attempting to 9 file it.

upon sample and absentee primary ballots.

- 10 **Sec. 13.** RCW 29.15.050 and 1999 c 298 s 10 are each amended to 11 read as follows:
- (1) A filing fee of one dollar shall accompany each declaration of 12 13 candidacy for precinct committee officer; a filing fee of ten dollars 14 shall accompany the declaration of candidacy for any office with a fixed annual salary of one thousand dollars or less; a filing fee equal 15 to one percent of the annual salary of the office at the time of filing 16 shall accompany the declaration of candidacy for any office with a 17 18 fixed annual salary of more than one thousand dollars per annum. filing fee need accompany a declaration of candidacy for any office for 19 which compensation is on a per diem or per meeting attended basis. 20
- (2) A candidate who lacks sufficient assets or income at the time 21 of filing to pay the filing fee required by this section shall submit 22 23 a petition of candidacy with his or her declaration of candidacy ((a 24 nominating petition)). The petition shall contain not less than a 25 number of signatures of registered voters equal to the number of dollars of the filing fee. The signatures shall be of voters 26 27 registered to vote within the jurisdiction of the office for which the candidate is filing. 28
- 29 (3) When the candidacy is for:

- $((\frac{1}{1}))$ (a) A legislative or judicial office that includes territory from more than one county, the fee shall be paid to the secretary of state for equal division between the treasuries of the counties comprising the district.
- $((\frac{(2)}{2}))$ (b) A city or town office, the fee shall be paid to the county auditor who shall transmit it to the city or town clerk for deposit in the city or town treasury.

1 **Sec. 14.** RCW 29.15.060 and 1984 c 142 s 5 are each amended to read 2 as follows:

The ((nominating)) petition of candidacy authorized by RCW 29.15.050 shall be printed on sheets of uniform color and size, shall contain no more than twenty numbered lines, and shall be in

6 substantially the following form:

7 "WARNING

Any person who signs this petition with any other than his or her true name, or who knowingly (1) signs more than one petition for any single candidate, (2) signs the petition when he or she is not a legal voter, or (3) makes any false statement may be subject to fine, or imprisonment, or both.

We, the undersigned registered voters of ((<u>the state of Washington or the political subdivision for which the petition of candidacy is made)</u>)) the state of Washington, hereby petition that the name of <u>(candidate's name)</u> be printed on the official primary ballot for the office of <u>(insert name of office)</u>.

18 19 20 21	Signature	‡ ‡	Printed Na	‡ me ‡ ‡	Residence	e Address	‡ ‡ ‡	City	‡ ‡ ‡	County
22		‡		‡			‡		‡	
23		‡		‡			‡		‡	
24		‡		‡			‡		‡	
25	1" " " " " "	· #		" " "			" <u>*</u> "		ű '	
28		‡		‡			‡		‡	
28		‡		‡			‡		‡	
29	2" " " " " "	· #		"" <u>"</u>			" <u>‡</u> "		ű '	
30		‡		‡			‡		‡	
32		‡		‡			‡		‡	
33	3" " " " " "	· #		" " "			" <u>*</u> "		ű '	
3 5	etc."_									

36 **Sec. 15.** RCW 29.15.070 and 1984 c 142 s 6 are each amended to read 37 as follows:

38 ((Nominating)) (1) Petitions of candidacy may be rejected for the 39 following reasons:

40 $((\frac{1}{1}))$ (a) The petition is not in the proper form;

41

 $((\frac{2}{2}))$ (b) The petition clearly bears insufficient signatures;

42 $((\frac{3}{3}))$ (c) The petition is not accompanied by a declaration of 43 candidacy;

- 1 (((4))) (d) The time within which the petition and the declaration 2 of candidacy could have been filed has expired.
- 3 (2) If the petition is accepted, the officer with whom it is filed 4 shall canvass the signatures contained on it and shall reject the signatures of those persons who are not registered voters ((and the 5 signatures of those persons who are not registered to vote)) within the 6 7 jurisdiction of the office for which the ((nominating)) petition of 8 candidacy is filed. He or she shall additionally reject any signature 9 that appears on the ((nominating)) petitions of candidacy of two or 10 more candidates for the same office ((and shall also reject, each time it appears, the name of any person who signs the same petition more 11 than once)). If the filing officer finds that the same voter has 12 signed the same petition more than once, he or she shall reject all but 13 14 the first valid signature.
- 15 (3) If the officer with whom the petition is filed refuses to accept the petition or refuses to certify the petition as bearing sufficient valid signatures, the person filing the petition may appeal that action to the superior court. The application for judicial review shall take precedence over other cases and matters and shall be speedily heard and determined.
- 21 **Sec. 16.** RCW 29.15.080 and 1984 c 142 s 8 are each amended to read 22 as follows:
- The following apply to persons signing ((nominating)) petitions of candidacy prescribed by RCW 29.15.060:
- 25 (1) A person who signs a petition with any other than his or her 26 name ((shall be)) is quilty of a misdemeanor.
- (2) A person ((shall be)) is guilty of a misdemeanor if the person knowingly: Signs more than one petition for any single candidacy of any single candidate; signs the petition when he or she is not a legal voter; or makes a false statement as to his or her residence.
- 31 **Sec. 17.** RCW 29.15.150 and 1973 c 4 s 3 are each amended to read 32 as follows:
- Whenever it shall be necessary to hold a special election in an odd-numbered year to fill an unexpired term of any office which is scheduled to be voted upon for a full term in an even-numbered year, no ((September)) primary election shall be held in the odd-numbered year

- if, after the last day allowed for candidates to withdraw, ((either of 1 2 the following circumstances exist:
- (1) No more than one candidate of each qualified political party 3 4 has filed a declaration of candidacy for the same partisan office to be 5 filled; or
- (2)) no more than two candidates have filed a declaration of 6 7 candidacy for a single ((nonpartisan)) office to be filled.
- In ((either)) this event, the officer with whom the declarations of 8 9 candidacy were filed shall immediately notify all candidates concerned 10 and the names of the candidates that would have been printed upon the ((September)) primary ballot, but for the provisions of this section, 11 12 shall be printed as ((nominees)) candidates for the positions sought 13 upon the ((November)) general election ballot.
- 14 **Sec. 18.** RCW 29.15.160 and 1975-'76 2nd ex.s. c 120 s 9 are each 15 amended to read as follows:
- 16 A void in candidacy for ((a nonpartisan)) an office occurs when an election for such office, except for the short term, has been scheduled 17 18 and no valid declaration of candidacy has been filed for the position 19 or all persons filing such valid declarations of candidacy have died or been disqualified. 20
- 21 Sec. 19. RCW 29.15.170 and 2001 c 46 s 1 are each amended to read 22 as follows:
- Filings for ((a nonpartisan)) an office shall be reopened for a 23 24 period of three normal business days, such three day period to be fixed by the election officer with whom such declarations of candidacy are 25 filed and notice thereof given by notifying press, radio, and 26 27 television in the county or counties involved, and by such other means 28 as may now or hereafter be provided by law whenever before the sixth 29 Tuesday prior to a primary:
- (1) A void in candidacy occurs; 30
- (2) A vacancy occurs in ((any nonpartisan)) an office leaving an 31 32 unexpired term to be filled by an election for which filings have not 33 been held; or
- (3) A ((nominee)) candidate for judge of the superior court 34 35 entitled to a certificate of election pursuant to Article 4, section 29, Amendment 41 of the state Constitution, dies or is disqualified. 36

- Candidacies validly filed within said three-day period shall appear 1 2 on the ballot as if made during the earlier filing period.
- 3 NEW SECTION. Sec. 20. A new section is added to chapter 29.15 RCW 4 to read as follows:
- If the death or disqualification of a candidate for a partisan or 5 nonpartisan office does not give rise to the opening of a new filing 6 7 period under RCW 29.15.170 and if no appointment is made under RCW 8 29.18.160, then the following will occur:
- 9 (1) If the candidate dies or becomes disqualified after filing a declaration of candidacy but before the close of the filing period, 10 then the declaration of candidacy is void and his or her name will not 11 12 appear on the ballot.
- (2)(a) If the candidate dies or becomes disqualified after the 13 14 close of the filing period but before the day of the primary, then his 15 or her name will appear on the primary ballot and all otherwise valid 16 votes for that candidate will be tabulated. The candidate's name will not appear on the general election ballot even if he or she otherwise 17 18 would have qualified to do so, but no other candidate will advance or 19 be substituted in place of that candidate.
- (b) If the candidate was the only candidate to qualify to advance 20 to the general election, then the general election for that office 21 22 lapses, and the office will be regarded as vacant as of the time the newly elected official would have otherwise taken office. 23
- 24 (3) If the candidate dies or becomes disqualified on or after the 25 day of the primary, and he or she would have otherwise qualified to appear on the general election ballot, then his or her name will appear on the general election ballot and all otherwise valid votes for that candidate will be tabulated. If the candidate received a number of 28 29 votes sufficient to be elected to office, but for his or her death or disqualification, then the office will be regarded as vacant as of the 30 time the newly elected official would have otherwise taken office. 31

- 32 **Sec. 21.** RCW 29.15.190 and 1975-'76 2nd ex.s. c 120 s 12 are each 33 amended to read as follows:
- A scheduled election ((shall be lapsed)) lapses, the office is 34 35 deemed stricken from the ballot, no purported write-in votes may be counted, and no candidate may be certified as elected, when: 36

- 1 (1) In an election for judge of the supreme court ((or)), 2 superintendent of public instruction, or a partisan office, a void in 3 candidacy occurs on or after the fourth Tuesday prior to a primary, 4 public filings and the primary being an indispensable phase of the 5 election process for such offices;
- 6 (2) Except as otherwise specified in RCW 29.15.180, ((as now or hereafter amended, a nominee)) a candidate for judge of the superior 8 court entitled to a certificate of election pursuant to Article 4, 9 section 29, Amendment 41 of the state Constitution dies or is disgualified on or after the fourth Tuesday prior to a primary;
- 11 (3) In other elections for nonpartisan office a void in candidacy 12 occurs or a vacancy occurs involving an unexpired term to be filled on 13 or after the fourth Tuesday prior to an election.
- 14 **Sec. 22.** RCW 29.15.210 and 1972 ex.s. c 61 s 5 are each amended to 15 read as follows:
- The election officer with whom declarations of candidacy are filed shall give notice of a void in candidacy for ((a nonpartisan)) an office((-,)) by notifying press, radio, and television in the county or counties involved and by such other means as may now or hereafter be provided by law. The notice shall state the office, and the time and place for filing declarations of candidacy.
- 22 **Sec. 23.** RCW 29.15.220 and 1972 ex.s. c 61 s 6 are each amended to 23 read as follows:
- Filings to fill a void in candidacy for ((nonpartisan)) an office shall be made in the same manner and with the same official as required during the regular filing period for such office((: PROVIDED, That nominating signature)). Petitions ((which may be)) of candidacy that are required of candidates filing ((for certain district offices)) during the normal filing period shall not be required of candidates filing during the special three day filing period.
- 31 **Sec. 24.** RCW 29.18.010 and 1990 c 59 s 78 are each amended to read 32 as follows:
- 33 Candidates for ((the following offices shall be nominated at))
- 34 partisan <u>offices will appear on the ballot at</u> primaries held ((pursuant
- 35 to the provisions of)) under this chapter((÷
- 36 (1) Congressional offices;

- 1 (2) All state offices except (a) judicial offices and (b) the 2 office of superintendent of public instruction;
- 3 (3) All county offices except (a) judicial offices and (b) those
 4 offices where a county home rule charter provides otherwise)).

5 **Sec. 25.** RCW 29.18.160 and 2001 c 46 s 4 are each amended to read 6 as follows:

7 A vacancy caused by the death or disqualification of any candidate ((or nominee of)) for a partisan office who is affiliated with a major 8 or minor political party that would result in no candidate affiliated 9 10 with that party being on the primary ballot for a partisan office, may be filled at any time up to and including the day ((prior to the 11 election)) before the primary for that position. 12 For ((state)) partisan offices ((in any political subdivision voted on solely by 13 14 electors)) of a county or the state legislature voted on solely by voters all or part of a single county, an individual ((shall)) may be 15 16 appointed to fill ((such)) a vacancy by the county central committee in the case of a major political party or by the state central committee 17 18 or comparable governing body in the case of a minor political party. 19 For other partisan offices, including federal or statewide offices, an individual ((shall)) may be appointed to fill ((such)) the vacancy by 20 the state central committee or comparable governing body of the 21 22 appropriate political party.

((Should such)) If the vacancy occurs and the appointment is made no later than the sixth Tuesday ((prior to the state)) before the primary ((or general election)) concerned and the ballots have been printed, ((it shall be mandatory that)) they must be corrected by the appropriate election officers. In making ((such)) the correction, it ((shall)) is not ((be)) necessary to reprint complete ballots if any other less expensive technique can be used and the resulting correction is reasonably clear.

23

24

25

26

27

28 29

30

31

3233

34

3536

37

((Should such)) If the vacancy occurs after the sixth Tuesday ((prior to said state)) before the primary ((or general election)) and time does not exist in which to correct ballots (including absentee ballots), either in total or in part, then the votes cast or recorded at the primary for the person who has died or become disqualified ((shall)) must be counted for the person who has been named to fill ((such)) the vacancy.

- When the secretary of state is the person with whom the appointment by the major or minor political party is filed, ((he)) the secretary of state shall, in certifying candidates ((or nominations)) to the various county officers insert the name of the person appointed to fill a vacancy.
- ((In the event that)) If the secretary of state has already sent 6 forth ((his)) a certificate when the appointment to fill a vacancy is 7 8 filed with ((him, he)) that office, the secretary of state shall 9 forthwith certify to the county auditors of the proper counties the name and place of residence of the person appointed to fill a vacancy, 10 11 the office for which ((he)) the person is a candidate ((or nominee)), 12 the party ((he represents)) with which that person is affiliated, and all other pertinent facts pertaining to the vacancy. 13
- 14 **Sec. 26.** RCW 29.27.020 and 1990 c 59 s 8 are each amended to read 15 as follows:
- 16 On or before the day following the last day allowed for ((political parties to fill vacancies in the ticket as provided by RCW 29.18.150)) 17 18 candidates to withdraw under RCW 29.15.120, the secretary of state shall certify to each county auditor a list of the candidates who have 19 filed declarations of candidacy in his or her office for the primary. 20 For each office, the certificate shall include the name of each 21 22 candidate, his or her address, and his or her party designation, if 23 any.
- 24 **Sec. 27.** RCW 29.27.050 and 1990 c 59 s 9 are each amended to read 25 as follows:
- No later than the day following the certification of the returns of any primary, the secretary of state shall certify to the appropriate county auditors, the names of all persons ((nominated)) qualified to appear on the general election ballot as candidates for offices, the returns of which have been canvassed by the secretary of state.
- 31 **Sec. 28.** RCW 29.27.080 and 1999 c 4 s 1 are each amended to read 32 as follows:
- (1) Except as provided in RCW 29.81A.060, notice for any state, county, district, or municipal election, whether special or general, shall be given by at least one publication not more than ten nor less than three days prior to the election by the county auditor or the

officer conducting the election as the case may be, in one or more newspapers of general circulation within the county. ((Said)) The 2 legal notice shall contain the title of each office under the proper 3 4 party ((designation)) preference, the names and addresses of all 5 ((officers)) candidates who have been ((nominated)) qualified to appear on the ballot for an office to be voted upon at that election, together 6 7 with the ballot titles of all measures, the hours during which the 8 polls will be open, and that the election will be held in the regular 9 polling places in each precinct, giving the address of each polling 10 place: PROVIDED, That the names of all candidates for nonpartisan offices shall be published separately with designation of the offices 11 for which they are candidates but without party designation. 12 13 shall be the only notice required for a state, county, district, or municipal general or special election and shall supersede the 14 15 provisions of any and all other statutes, whether general or special in 16 nature, having different requirements for the giving of notice of any general or special elections. 17

(2) All school district elections held on February 5, 1980, at which the number and proportion of persons required by law voted to authorize bonds or tax levies, are hereby validated regardless of any failure to publish notice of such election. No action challenging the validity of any such election may be brought later than April 15, 1980, or thirty days from June 12, 1980, whichever is later. Notice of provisions of this subsection shall be published within five days after February 28, 1980, in a newspaper of general circulation within each county where a school district election was held on February 5, 1980, and where notice of such election was not published as provided in subsection (1) of this section.

18 19

20

21

22

2324

25

26

27

28

29 (3) All school district elections held on May 19, 1998, at which 30 the number and proportion of persons required by law voted to authorize bonds or tax levies, are hereby validated regardless of any failure to 31 publish notice of such election. No action challenging the validity of 32 any such election may be brought later than thirty days after January 33 29, 1999. Notice of provisions of this subsection shall be published 34 35 within five days after January 29, 1999, in a newspaper of general circulation within each county where a school district election was 36 37 held on May 19, 1998, and where notice of such election was not published as provided in subsection (1) of this section. 38

- 1 **Sec. 29.** RCW 29.27.090 and 1965 c 9 s 29.27.090 are each amended 2 to read as follows:
- The secretary of state((, county)) <u>and the</u> auditor of each county((, and clerks of the several municipal corporations)) shall
- 5 preserve ((all certificates of nomination)) documentation indicating
- 6 which candidates have qualified to appear on a general election ballot
- 7 filed in their respective offices for six months. All certificates
- 8 shall be open to public inspection under proper regulations made by the
- 9 officer with whom they are filed.
- 10 **Sec. 30.** RCW 29.30.005 and 1990 c 59 s 93 are each amended to read 11 as follows:
- 12 Except for the candidates for the positions of president and vice
- 13 president or for a partisan or nonpartisan office for which no primary
- 14 is required, the names of all candidates who have ((filed for
- 15 nomination under chapter 29.18 RCW and those independent candidates and
- 16 candidates of minor political parties who have been nominated under
- 17 chapter 29.24 RCW shall)) satisfied all requirements of law will appear
- 18 on the appropriate ballot at the primary throughout the jurisdiction
- 19 ((in which they are to be nominated)) of the office for which they are
- 20 <u>a candidate</u>.
- 21 **Sec. 31.** RCW 29.30.020 and 2001 c 30 s 5 are each amended to read 22 as follows:
- 23 (1) The positions or offices on a primary ballot shall be arranged
- 24 in substantially the following order: United States senator; United
- 25 States representative; governor; lieutenant governor; secretary of
- 26 state; state treasurer; state auditor; attorney general; commissioner
- 1 3
- 27 of public lands; superintendent of public instruction; insurance
- 28 commissioner; state senator; state representative; county officers;
- 29 justices of the supreme court; judges of the court of appeals; judges
- 30 of the superior court; and judges of the district court. For all other
- 31 jurisdictions on the primary ballot, the offices in each jurisdiction
- 32 shall be grouped together and be in the order of the position numbers
- 33 assigned to those offices, if any.
- 34 (2) The order of the positions or offices on an election ballot
- 35 shall be substantially the same as on a primary ballot except that the
- 36 offices of president and vice-president of the United States shall
- 37 precede all other offices on a presidential election ballot. State

- 1 ballot issues shall be placed before all offices on an election ballot.
- 2 The positions on a ballot to be assigned to ballot measures regarding
- 3 local units of government shall be established by the secretary of
- 4 state by rule.
- 5 (3) The political party or independent candidacy of each candidate for partisan office shall be indicated next to the name of the candidate on the primary and election ballot. ((A candidate shall file a written notice with the filing officer within three business days after the close of the filing period designating the political party to be indicated next to the candidate's name on the ballot if either: (a)
- 11 The candidate has been nominated by two or more minor political parties
- 12 or independent conventions; or (b) the candidate has both filed a
- 13 declaration of candidacy declaring an affiliation with a major
- 14 political party and been nominated by a minor political party or
- 15 independent convention. If no written notice is filed the filing
- 16 officer shall give effect to the party designation shown upon the first
- 17 document filed. A candidate may be deemed nominated by a minor party
- 18 or independent convention only if all documentation required by chapter
- 19 29.24 RCW has been timely filed.))
- 20 **Sec. 32.** RCW 29.30.101 and 1999 c 298 s 11 are each amended to 21 read as follows:
- The names of the persons certified ((as nominees)) by the secretary
- 23 of state or the county canvassing board as having qualified to appear
- 24 on the general election ballot shall be printed on the ballot at the
- 25 ensuing election.
- No name of any candidate (($\frac{\text{whose nomination at a primary is}}{\text{s}}$
- 27 required by law shall)) for an office for which a primary is conducted
- 28 may be placed upon the ballot at a general or special election unless
- 29 it appears upon the certificate of either (1) the secretary of state,
- 30 or (2) the county canvassing board, or (3) ((a minor party convention
- 31 or)) the state or county central committee of a major political party
- 32 to fill a vacancy on its ticket under RCW 29.18.160.
- 33 Excluding the office of precinct committee officer or a temporary
- 34 elected position such as a charter review board member or freeholder,
- 35 a candidate's name shall not appear more than once upon a ballot for a
- 36 position regularly ((nominated)) qualified or elected at the same
- 37 election.

- 1 **Sec. 33.** 2001 c ... (SB 5275) s 17 is amended to read as follows:
- 2 In an odd-numbered year, the county auditor may conduct a primary
- 3 or a special election by mail ballot concurrently with the primary:
- 4 (1) For an office or ballot measure of a special purpose district
- 5 that is entirely within the county;
- 6 (2) For an office or ballot measure of a special purpose district
- 7 that lies in the county and one or more other counties if the auditor
- 8 first secures the concurrence of the county auditors of those other
- 9 counties to conduct the primary in this manner district-wide; and
- 10 (3) For a ballot measure or nonpartisan office of a county, city,
- 11 or town if the auditor first secures the concurrence of the legislative
- 12 authority of the county, city, or town involved.
- 13 The county auditor shall notify an election jurisdiction for which
- 14 a primary is to be held that the primary will be conducted by mail
- 15 ballot.
- 16 A primary in an odd-numbered year may not be conducted by mail
- 17 ballot in a precinct with two hundred or more active registered voters
- 18 if a partisan office or state office or state ballot measure is to be
- 19 voted upon at that primary in the precinct.
- To the extent they are not inconsistent with other provisions of
- 21 law, the laws governing the conduct of mail ballot special elections
- 22 apply to ((nonpartisan)) primaries for nonpartisan offices conducted by
- 23 mail ballot.
- 24 **Sec. 34.** RCW 29.42.010 and 1977 ex.s. c 329 s 16 are each amended
- 25 to read as follows:
- 26 Each political party organization ((shall have the power to)) may:
- 27 (1) Make its own rules and regulations;
- 28 (2) Call conventions;
- 29 (3) Elect delegates to conventions, state and national;
- 30 (4) Fill vacancies on the ticket <u>under RCW 29.18.160</u>;
- 31 (5) Provide for the nomination of presidential electors; and
- 32 (6) Perform all functions inherent in such an organization((÷
- 33 PROVIDED, That only major political parties shall have the power to
- 34 designate candidates to appear on the state primary election ballot as
- 35 provided in RCW 29.18.150 as now or hereafter amended)).
- 36 Sec. 35. RCW 29.42.020 and 1987 c 295 s 11 are each amended to
- 37 read as follows:

The state committee of each major political party shall consist of 1 2 one committeeman and one committeewoman from each county elected by the 3 county committee at its organization meeting. It shall have a chair 4 and vice-chair who must be of opposite sexes. This committee shall meet during January of each odd-numbered year for the purpose of 5 organization at a time and place designated by a sufficient notice to 6 7 all the newly elected state committeemen and committeewomen by the 8 authorized officers of the retiring committee. For the purpose of this 9 section a notice mailed at least one week prior to the date of the 10 meeting shall constitute sufficient notice. At its organizational meeting it shall elect its chair and vice-chair, and such officers as 11 its bylaws may provide, and adopt bylaws, rules and regulations. 12 13 shall have power to:

- (1) Call conventions at such time and place and under such circumstances and for such purposes as the call to convention shall designate. The manner, number and procedure for selection of state convention delegates shall be subject to the committee's rules and regulations duly adopted;
- 19 (2) Provide for the election of delegates to national conventions;
- 20 (3) Fill vacancies on the ticket for any federal or state office to 21 be voted on by the ((electors)) voters of more than one county under 22 RCW 29.18.160;
 - (4) Provide for the nomination of presidential electors; and
- 24 (5) Perform all functions inherent in such an organization.

- Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter, the committee shall not set rules which shall govern the conduct of the actual proceedings at a party state convention.
- 28 **Sec. 36.** RCW 29.42.050 and 1991 c 363 s 34 are each amended to 29 read as follows:
- 30 The statutory requirements for filing as a candidate at the primaries shall apply to candidates for precinct committee officer 31 except that the filing period for this office alone shall be extended 32 to and include the second Friday immediately following the last day for 33 34 ((political parties to fill vacancies in the ticket as provided by RCW 29.18.150)) the filing of declarations of candidacy under RCW 35 36 29.15.020, and the office shall not be voted upon at the primaries, but 37 the names of all candidates must appear under the proper party and 38 office designations on the ballot for the general November election for

each even-numbered year and the one receiving the highest number of 1 votes shall be declared elected: 2 PROVIDED, That to be declared elected, a candidate must receive at least ten percent of the number of 3 4 votes cast for the candidate of the candidate's party receiving the greatest number of votes in the precinct. Any person elected to the 5 office of precinct committee officer who has not filed a declaration of 6 candidacy shall pay the fee of one dollar to the county auditor for a 7 8 certificate of election. The term of office of precinct committee 9 officer shall be for two years, commencing upon completion of the 10 official canvass of votes by the county canvassing board of election returns. Should any vacancy occur in this office by reason of death, 11 resignation, or disqualification of the incumbent, or because of 12 failure to elect, the respective county chair of the county central 13 committee shall be empowered to fill such vacancy by appointment: 14 15 PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That in legislative districts having a majority of 16 its precincts in a county with a population of one million or more, 17 such appointment shall be made only upon the recommendation of the legislative district chair: PROVIDED, That the person so appointed 18 19 shall have the same qualifications as candidates when filing for election to such office for such precinct: PROVIDED FURTHER, That when 20 a vacancy in the office of precinct committee officer exists because of 21 failure to elect at a state general election, such vacancy shall not be 22 23 filled until after the organization meeting of the county central 24 committee and the new county chair selected as provided by RCW 25 29.42.030.

26 **Sec. 37.** RCW 29.62.010 and 1990 c 59 s 62 are each amended to read 27 as follows:

Every canvassing board or officer responsible for canvassing and certifying the returns of any primary or election shall:

- 30 (1) Adopt administrative rules to facilitate and govern the 31 canvassing process in that jurisdiction;
- (2) For each primary and election, prepare and sign a statement of the returns for each office, candidate, and issue voted on in that jurisdiction;
- 35 (3) If, at a ((partisan)) primary, two or more candidates ((partisan)) receive the greatest or second greatest, and identical, number of votes for an office or position, resolve the tie vote by lot(($\dot{\tau}$)

1 (4) If, at a nonpartisan or judicial primary, two or more 2 candidates receive the second greatest, and identical, number of votes 3 for that office or position, resolve the tie vote by lot)).

4 **Sec. 38.** RCW 29.62.180 and 1999 c 157 s 3 are each amended to read 5 as follows:

- (1) For any office at any election or primary, any voter may write 6 7 in on the ballot the name of any person for an office who has filed as a write-in candidate for the office in the manner provided by RCW 8 9 29.04.180 and such vote shall be counted the same as if the name had been printed on the ballot and marked by the voter. No write-in vote 10 made for any person who has not filed a declaration of candidacy 11 12 pursuant to RCW 29.04.180 is valid if that person filed for the same office, either as a regular candidate or a write-in candidate, at the 13 14 preceding primary, except that nothing in this section invalidates a 15 vote for the sole reason that the vote was cast as a write-in for a candidate whose name appears on the same ballot for the same office. 16 Any abbreviation used to designate office, position, or political party 17 18 shall be accepted if the canvassing board can determine, to their 19 satisfaction, the voter's intent.
- 20 (2) The number of write-in votes cast for each office must be 21 recorded and reported with the canvass for the election.

2223

24

25

26

27

28 29

30

3132

3334

3536

37

- (3) Write-in votes cast for an individual candidate for an office need not be tallied if the total number of write-in votes cast for the office is not greater than the number of votes cast for ((the)) a candidate apparently ((nominated)) qualified to appear on the general election ballot or elected, and the write-in votes could not have altered the outcome of the primary or election. In the case of write-in votes for statewide office or for any office whose jurisdiction encompasses more than one county, write-in votes for an individual candidate must be tallied whenever the county auditor is notified by either the office of the secretary of state or another auditor in a multicounty jurisdiction that it appears that the write-in votes could alter the outcome of the primary or election.
- (4) In the case of statewide offices or jurisdictions that encompass more than one county, if the total number of write-in votes cast for an office within a county is greater than the number of votes cast for a candidate apparently ((nominated)) qualified to appear on the general election ballot or elected in a primary or election, the

- 1 auditor shall tally all write-in votes for individual candidates for
- 2 that office and notify the office of the secretary of state and the
- 3 auditors of the other counties within the jurisdiction, that the write-
- 4 in votes for individual candidates should be tallied.
- 5 **Sec. 39.** RCW 29.64.010 and 2001 c 225 s 3 are each amended to read 6 as follows:
- 7 (1) An officer of a political party or any person for whom votes
- 8 were cast in a primary who was not declared ((nominated)) gualified to
- 9 appear on the general election ballot may file a written application
- 10 for a recount of the votes or a portion of the votes cast at that
- 11 primary for all persons for whom votes were cast for ((nomination to))
- 12 that office.
- 13 (2) An officer of a political party or any person for whom votes
- 14 were cast at any election may file a written application for a recount
- 15 of the votes or a portion of the votes cast at that election for all
- 16 candidates for election to that office.
- 17 (3) Any group of five or more registered voters may file a written
- 18 application for a recount of the votes or a portion of the votes cast
- 19 upon any question or issue. They shall designate one of the members of
- 20 the group as chairman and shall indicate the voting residence of each
- 21 member of the group.
- 22 (4) An application for a recount of the votes cast for an office or
- 23 on a ballot measure must be filed with the officer with whom filings
- 24 are made for the jurisdiction.
- 25 (5) An application for a recount must specify whether the recount
- 26 will be done manually or by the vote tally system. A recount done by
- 27 the vote tally system must use programming that recounts and reports
- 28 only the office or ballot measure in question. The county shall also
- 20 only the office of barrot measure in question. The country shari to
- 29 provide for a test of the logic and accuracy of that program.
- 30 (6) An application for a recount shall be filed within three
- 31 business days after the county canvassing board or secretary of state
- 32 has declared the official results of the primary or election for the
- 33 office or issue for which the recount is requested.
- 34 (7) This chapter applies to the recounting of votes cast by paper
- 35 ballots and to the recounting of votes recorded on ballots counted by
- 36 a vote tally system.

- 1 **Sec. 40.** RCW 29.64.015 and 2001 c 225 s 4 are each amended to read 2 as follows:
- 3 (1) If the official canvass of all of the returns for any office at 4 any primary or election reveals that the difference in the number of 5 votes cast for a candidate apparently ((nominated)) qualified to appear on the general election ballot or elected to any office and the number 6 7 of votes cast for the closest apparently defeated opponent is less than 8 two thousand votes and also less than one-half of one percent of the 9 total number of votes cast for both candidates, the county canvassing board shall conduct a recount of all votes cast on that position. 10
- 11 (a) Whenever such a difference occurs in the number of votes cast
 12 for candidates for a position the declaration of candidacy for which
 13 was filed with the secretary of state, the secretary of state shall,
 14 within three business days of the day that the returns of the primary
 15 or election are first certified by the canvassing boards of those
 16 counties, direct those boards to recount all votes cast on the
 17 position.
- 18 (b) If the difference in the number of votes cast for the apparent 19 winner and the closest apparently defeated opponent is less than one 20 hundred fifty votes and also less than one-fourth of one percent of the 21 total number of votes cast for both candidates, the votes shall be 22 recounted manually or as provided in subsection (3) of this section.
- (2) A mandatory recount shall be conducted in the manner provided by RCW 29.64.020, 29.64.030, and 29.64.040. No cost of a mandatory recount may be charged to any candidate.
- 26 (3) The apparent winner and closest apparently defeated opponent for an office for which a manual recount is required under subsection 27 28 (1)(b) of this section may select an alternative method of conducting 29 the recount. To select such an alternative, the two candidates shall 30 agree to the alternative in a signed, written statement filed with the election official for the office. The recount shall be conducted using 31 the alternative method if: It is suited to the balloting system that 32 was used for casting the votes for the office; it involves the use of 33 a vote tallying system that is approved for use in this state by the 34 35 secretary of state; and the vote tallying system is readily available in each county required to conduct the recount. If more than one 36 37 balloting system was used in casting votes for the office, an alternative to a manual recount may be selected for each system. 38

- 1 **Sec. 41.** RCW 29.64.030 and 2001 c 225 s 6 are each amended to read 2 as follows:
- 3 (1) At the time and place established for a recount, the canvassing 4 board or its duly authorized representatives, in the presence of all 5 witnesses who may be in attendance, shall open the sealed containers 6 containing the ballots to be recounted, and shall recount the votes for 7 the offices or issues for which the recount has been ordered. Ballots 8 shall be handled only by the members of the canvassing board or their 9 duly authorized representatives.
- 10 Witnesses shall be permitted to observe the ballots and the process
 11 of tabulating the votes, but they shall not be permitted to handle the
 12 ballots. The canvassing board shall not permit the tabulation of votes
 13 for any ((nomination)) qualification, election, or issue other than the
 14 ones for which a recount was applied for or required.
- 15 (2) At any time before the ballots from all of the precincts listed 16 in the application for the recount have been recounted, the applicant 17 may file with the board a written request to stop the recount.
- (3) The recount may be observed by persons representing the 18 19 candidates affected by the recount or the persons representing both 20 sides of an issue that is being recounted. The observers may not make a record of the names, addresses, or other information on the ballots, 21 22 poll books, or applications for absentee ballots unless authorized by 23 the superior court. The secretary of state or county auditor may limit 24 the number of observers to not less than two on each side if, in his or 25 her opinion, a greater number would cause undue delay or disruption of 26 the recount process.
- 27 **Sec. 42.** RCW 29.64.040 and 2001 c 225 s 8 are each amended to read 28 as follows:
- Upon completion of the canvass of a recount, the canvassing board shall prepare and certify an amended abstract showing the votes cast in each precinct for which the recount was conducted. Copies of the amended abstracts must be transmitted to the same officers who received the abstract on which the recount was based.
- If the ((nomination, election,)) office or issue for which the recount was conducted was submitted only to the voters of a county, the canvassing board shall file the amended abstract with the original results of that election or primary.

- If the ((nomination, election,)) office or issue for which a recount was conducted was submitted to the voters of more than one county, the secretary of state shall canvass the amended abstracts and shall file an amended abstract with the original results of that election. An amended abstract certified under this section supersedes any prior abstract of the results for the same offices or issues at the same primary or election.
- 8 **Sec. 43.** RCW 29.64.060 and 2001 c 225 s 10 are each amended to 9 read as follows:
- The canvassing board shall determine the expenses for conducting a recount of votes.
- The cost of the recount shall be deducted from the amount deposited by the applicant for the recount at the time of filing the request for the recount, and the balance shall be returned to the applicant. If the costs of the recount exceed the deposit, the applicant shall pay the difference. No charges may be deducted by the canvassing board from the deposit for a recount if the recount changes the result of the ((nomination)) primary or election for the office or issue for which
- 20 **Sec. 44.** RCW 29.68.080 and 1990 c 59 s 105 are each amended to 21 read as follows:

the recount was ordered.

- (1) Whenever a vacancy occurs in the office of United States representative or United States senator from this state or any congressional district of this state, the governor shall order a special election to fill the vacancy.
- (2) Within ten days of such vacancy occurring, he or she shall 26 27 issue a writ of election fixing a date for the special vacancy election 28 not less than ninety days after the issuance of the writ, fixing a date 29 for the primary for ((nominating)) gualifying candidates for the special vacancy election not less than thirty days before the day fixed 30 for holding the special vacancy election, fixing the dates for the 31 32 special filing period, and designating the term or part of the term for 33 which the vacancy exists. If the vacancy is in the office of United States representative, the writ of election shall specify the 34 35 congressional district that is vacant.
- 36 (3) If the vacancy occurs less than six months before a state 37 general election and before the second Friday following the close of

- the filing period for that general election, the special primary and special vacancy elections shall be held in concert with the state primary and state general election in that year.
- 4 (4) If the vacancy occurs on or after the first day for filing 5 under RCW 29.15.020 and on or before the second Friday following the close of the filing period, a special filing period of three normal 6 business days shall be fixed by the governor and notice thereof given 7 8 to all media, including press, radio, and television within the area in 9 which the vacancy election is to be held, to the end that, insofar as 10 possible, all interested persons will be aware of such filing period. The last day of the filing period shall not be later than the third 11 Tuesday before the primary ((at which candidates are to be nominated)). 12 The names of candidates who have filed valid declarations of candidacy 13 14 during this three-day period shall appear on the approaching primary 15 ballot.
- 16 (5) If the vacancy occurs later than the second Friday following 17 the close of the filing period, a special primary and special vacancy 18 election to fill the position shall be held after the next state 19 general election but, in any event, no later than the ninetieth day 20 following the November election.
- 21 (6) As used in this chapter, "county" means, in the case of a 22 vacancy in the office of United States senator, any or all of the 23 counties in the state and, in the case of a vacancy in the office of 24 United States representative, only those counties wholly or partly 25 within the congressional district in which the vacancy has occurred.
- 26 **Sec. 45.** RCW 29.68.130 and 1985 c 45 s 7 are each amended to read 27 as follows:
- The general election laws and laws relating to ((partisan)) 28 29 primaries ((shall)) for partisan offices apply to the special primaries and vacancy elections provided for in RCW 29.68.080 through 29.68.120 30 to the extent that they are not inconsistent with the provisions of 31 these sections. Statutory time deadlines relating to availability of 32 absentee ballots, certification, canvassing, and related procedures 33 34 that cannot be met in a timely fashion may be modified for the purposes of a specific primary or vacancy election under this chapter by the 35 36 secretary of state through emergency rules adopted under RCW 29.04.080.

1 **Sec. 46.** RCW 29.71.020 and 1990 c 59 s 69 are each amended to read 2 as follows:

3 In the year in which a presidential election is held, each major 4 political party and each minor political party or independent candidate 5 convention ((held under chapter 29.24 RCW)) that nominates candidates for president and vice president of the United States shall nominate 6 7 presidential electors for this state. The party or convention shall 8 file with the secretary of state a certificate signed by the presiding 9 officer of the convention at which the presidential electors were 10 chosen, listing the names and addresses of the presidential electors. Each presidential elector shall execute and file with the secretary of 11 state a pledge that, as an elector, he or she will vote for the 12 13 candidates nominated by that party. The names of presidential electors shall not appear on the ballots. The votes cast for candidates for 14 15 president and vice president of each political party shall be counted 16 for the candidates for presidential electors of that political party.

- 17 **Sec. 47.** RCW 29.81.220 and 1999 c 260 s 2 are each amended to read 18 as follows:
- 19 The voters' pamphlet must contain:
- 20 (1) Information about each ballot measure initiated by or referred 21 to the voters for their approval or rejection as required by RCW 22 29.81.250;
- 23 (2) In even-numbered years, statements, if submitted, advocating 24 the candidacies of ((nominees)) candidates qualified to appear on the 25 <u>ballot</u> for the office of president and vice president of the United States, United States senator, United States representative, governor, 26 lieutenant governor, secretary of state, state treasurer, state 27 auditor, attorney general, commissioner of public lands, superintendent 28 29 of public instruction, insurance commissioner, state senator, state representative, justice of the supreme court, judge of the court of 30 appeals, or judge of the superior court. Candidates may also submit a 31 32 campaign mailing address and telephone number and a photograph not more than five years old and of a size and quality that the secretary of 33 34 state determines to be suitable for reproduction in the voters' pamphlet; 35
- 36 (3) In odd-numbered years, if any office voted upon statewide 37 appears on the ballot due to a vacancy, then statements and photographs

- 1 for candidates for any vacant office listed in subsection (2) of this 2 section must appear;
- 3 (4) In even-numbered years, a section explaining how voters may 4 participate in the election campaign process; the address and telephone 5 number of the public disclosure commission established under RCW 6 42.17.350; and a summary of the disclosure requirements that apply when 7 contributions are made to candidates and political committees;
- (5) In even-numbered years the name, address, and telephone number of each political party ((with nominees listed in the pamphlet, if filed with the secretary of state by the state committee of a major political party or the presiding officer of the convention of a minor political party)) for which a candidate appearing on the ballot has expressed a preference on his or her declaration of candidacy, if the party has provided that information to the secretary of state;
- 15 (6) In each odd-numbered year immediately before a year in which a president of the United States is to be nominated and elected, 16 17 information explaining the precinct caucus and convention process used by each major political party to elect delegates to its national 18 19 presidential candidate nominating convention. The pamphlet must also 20 provide a description of the statutory procedures by which minor political parties are formed and the statutory methods used by the 21 parties to nominate candidates for president; 22
- 23 (7) In even-numbered years, a description of the office of precinct 24 committee officer and its duties;
- 25 (8) An application form for an absentee ballot;
- 26 (9) A brief statement explaining the deletion and addition of language for proposed measures under RCW 29.81.260; and
- 28 (10) Any additional information pertaining to elections as may be 29 required by law or in the judgment of the secretary of state is deemed 30 informative to the voters.
- 31 **Sec. 48.** RCW 29.85.100 and 1991 c 81 s 8 are each amended to read 32 as follows:
- 33 Every person who:
- 34 (1) Knowingly and falsely issues a certificate of ((nomination or))
- 35 election or a certificate stating which candidates for office have
- 36 <u>qualified to appear on the general election ballot</u>; or
- 37 (2) ((Knowingly provides false information on a certificate which
- 38 must be filed with an elections officer under chapter 29.24 RCW; or

- (3))) Knowingly provides false information on his or her 1 2 declaration of candidacy or petition of ((nomination)) candidacy; or 3 (((4))) (3) Conceals or fraudulently defaces or destroys a 4 ((certificate which has been filed with an elections officer under chapter 29.24 RCW or a)) declaration of candidacy or petition of 5 ((nomination which)) candidacy that has been filed with an elections 6 7 officer, or any part of such a certificate, declaration, or petition, 8 is guilty of a class C felony punishable under RCW 9A.20.021.
- 9 **Sec. 49.** RCW 42.17.020 and 1995 c 397 s 1 are each amended to read 10 as follows:
- (1) "Agency" includes all state agencies and all local agencies.

 "State agency" includes every state office, department, division,

 bureau, board, commission, or other state agency. "Local agency"

 includes every county, city, town, municipal corporation, quasi
 municipal corporation, or special purpose district, or any office,

 department, division, bureau, board, commission, or agency thereof, or
- (2) "Authorized committee" means the political committee authorized by a candidate, or by the public official against whom recall charges have been filed, to accept contributions or make expenditures on behalf of the candidate or public official.
- (3) "Ballot proposition" means any "measure" as defined by RCW 29.01.110, or any initiative, recall, or referendum proposition proposed to be submitted to the voters of the state or any municipal corporation, political subdivision, or other voting constituency from and after the time when the proposition has been initially filed with the appropriate election officer of that constituency prior to its circulation for signatures.
- (4) "Benefit" means a commercial, proprietary, financial, economic, or monetary advantage, or the avoidance of a commercial, proprietary, financial, economic, or monetary disadvantage.
 - (5) "Bona fide political party" means:

other local public agency.

17

- 33 (a) ((An organization that has filed a valid certificate of nomination with the secretary of state under chapter 29.24 RCW;
- 35 (b))) The governing body of the state organization of a major 36 political party, as defined in RCW 29.01.090, that is the body 37 authorized by the charter or bylaws of the party to exercise authority 38 on behalf of the state party; ((or

- 1 (c))) (b) The county central committee or legislative district 2 committee of a major political party. There may be only one 3 legislative district committee for each party in each legislative 4 district; or
- 5 (c) The governing body of the state organization of a minor 6 political party, the name of which appears on a candidates's 7 declaration of candidacy filed pursuant to RCW 29.15.010.
- 8 (6) "Depository" means a bank designated by a candidate or 9 political committee pursuant to RCW 42.17.050.
- 10 (7) "Treasurer" and "deputy treasurer" mean the individuals 11 appointed by a candidate or political committee, pursuant to RCW 12 42.17.050, to perform the duties specified in that section.
- 13 (8) "Candidate" means any individual who seeks ((nomination))
 14 qualification for election or election to public office. An individual
 15 seeks ((nomination)) qualification or election when he or she first:
- 16 (a) Receives contributions or makes expenditures or reserves space 17 or facilities with intent to promote his or her candidacy for office;
 - (b) Announces publicly or files for office;

26

27

28 29

30

- 19 (c) Purchases commercial advertising space or broadcast time to 20 promote his or her candidacy; or
- 21 (d) Gives his or her consent to another person to take on behalf of 22 the individual any of the actions in (a) or (c) of this subsection.
- (9) "Caucus political committee" means a political committee organized and maintained by the members of a major political party in the state senate or state house of representatives.
 - (10) "Commercial advertiser" means any person who sells the service of communicating messages or producing printed material for broadcast or distribution to the general public or segments of the general public whether through the use of newspapers, magazines, television and radio stations, billboard companies, direct mail advertising companies, printing companies, or otherwise.
- 32 (11) "Commission" means the agency established under RCW 42.17.350.
- (12) "Compensation" unless the context requires a narrower meaning, includes payment in any form for real or personal property or services of any kind: PROVIDED, That for the purpose of compliance with RCW 42.17.241, the term "compensation" shall not include per diem allowances or other payments made by a governmental entity to reimburse a public official for expenses incurred while the official is engaged in the official business of the governmental entity.

- 1 (13) "Continuing political committee" means a political committee 2 that is an organization of continuing existence not established in 3 anticipation of any particular election campaign.
 - (14)(a) "Contribution" includes:

- 5 (i) A loan, gift, deposit, subscription, forgiveness of 6 indebtedness, donation, advance, pledge, payment, transfer of funds 7 between political committees, or anything of value, including personal 8 and professional services for less than full consideration;
- 9 (ii) An expenditure made by a person in cooperation, consultation, 10 or concert with, or at the request or suggestion of, a candidate, a 11 political committee, or their agents;
- (iii) The financing by a person of the dissemination, distribution, or republication, in whole or in part, of broadcast, written, graphic, or other form of political advertising prepared by a candidate, a political committee, or its authorized agent;
- 16 (iv) Sums paid for tickets to fund-raising events such as dinners 17 and parties, except for the actual cost of the consumables furnished at 18 the event.
- 19 (b) "Contribution" does not include:
- 20 (i) Standard interest on money deposited in a political committee's account;
 - (ii) Ordinary home hospitality;
- (iii) A contribution received by a candidate or political committee that is returned to the contributor within five business days of the date on which it is received by the candidate or political committee;
- (iv) A news item, feature, commentary, or editorial in a regularly scheduled news medium that is of primary interest to the general public, that is in a news medium controlled by a person whose business is that news medium, and that is not controlled by a candidate or a political committee;
- (v) An internal political communication primarily limited to the members of or contributors to a political party organization or political committee, or to the officers, management staff, or stockholders of a corporation or similar enterprise, or to the members of a labor organization or other membership organization;
- (vi) The rendering of personal services of the sort commonly performed by volunteer campaign workers, or incidental expenses personally incurred by volunteer campaign workers not in excess of fifty dollars personally paid for by the worker. "Volunteer services,"

1 for the purposes of this section, means services or labor for which the 2 individual is not compensated by any person;

3 4

5

6

7 8

9

17

18 19

20

21

22

2324

25

26

27

28 29

30

31

32

33

(vii) Messages in the form of reader boards, banners, or yard or window signs displayed on a person's own property or property occupied by a person. However, a facility used for such political advertising for which a rental charge is normally made must be reported as an inkind contribution and counts towards any applicable contribution limit of the person providing the facility;

(viii) Legal or accounting services rendered to or on behalf of:

- 10 (A) A political party or caucus political committee if the person 11 paying for the services is the regular employer of the person rendering 12 such services; or
- 13 (B) A candidate or an authorized committee if the person paying for 14 the services is the regular employer of the individual rendering the 15 services and if the services are solely for the purpose of ensuring 16 compliance with state election or public disclosure laws.
 - (c) Contributions other than money or its equivalent are deemed to have a monetary value equivalent to the fair market value of the contribution. Services or property or rights furnished at less than their fair market value for the purpose of assisting any candidate or political committee are deemed a contribution. Such a contribution must be reported as an in-kind contribution at its fair market value and counts towards any applicable contribution limit of the provider.
 - (15) "Elected official" means any person elected at a general or special election to any public office, and any person appointed to fill a vacancy in any such office.
 - (16) "Election" includes any primary, general, or special election for public office and any election in which a ballot proposition is submitted to the voters: PROVIDED, That an election in which the qualifications for voting include other than those requirements set forth in Article VI, section 1 (Amendment 63) of the Constitution of the state of Washington shall not be considered an election for purposes of this chapter.
- 34 (17) "Election campaign" means any campaign in support of or in 35 opposition to a candidate for election to public office and any 36 campaign in support of, or in opposition to, a ballot proposition.
- 37 (18) "Election cycle" means the period beginning on the first day 38 of December after the date of the last previous general election for 39 the office that the candidate seeks and ending on November 30th after

- the next election for the office. In the case of a special election to fill a vacancy in an office, "election cycle" means the period beginning on the day the vacancy occurs and ending on November 30th after the special election.
- (19) "Expenditure" includes a payment, contribution, subscription, 5 distribution, loan, advance, deposit, or gift of money or anything of 6 value, and includes a contract, promise, or agreement, whether or not 7 8 legally enforceable, to make an expenditure. The term "expenditure" also includes a promise to pay, a payment, or a transfer of anything of 9 10 value in exchange for goods, services, property, facilities, or 11 anything of value for the purpose of assisting, benefiting, or honoring any public official or candidate, or assisting in furthering or 12 13 opposing any election campaign. For the purposes of this chapter, agreements to make expenditures, contracts, and promises to pay may be 14 15 reported as estimated obligations until actual payment is made. 16 term "expenditure" shall not include the partial or complete repayment 17 by a candidate or political committee of the principal of a loan, the receipt of which loan has been properly reported. 18
- 19 (20) "Final report" means the report described as a final report in 20 RCW 42.17.080(2).
- (21) "General election" <u>for purposes of the limitation under RCW</u>
 22 <u>42.17.640</u> means the election that results in the election of a person
 23 to a state office. It does not include a primary.
 - (22) "Gift," is as defined in RCW 42.52.010.

- 25 (23) "Immediate family" includes the spouse, dependent children, 26 and other dependent relatives, if living in the household. For the purposes of RCW 42.17.640 through 42.17.790, "immediate family" means 27 an individual's spouse, and child, stepchild, grandchild, parent, 28 stepparent, grandparent, brother, half brother, sister, or half sister 29 30 of the individual and the spouse of any such person and a child, stepchild, grandchild, parent, stepparent, grandparent, brother, half 31 brother, sister, or half sister of the individual's spouse and the 32 33 spouse of any such person.
- 34 (24) "Independent expenditure" means an expenditure that has each 35 of the following elements:
- 36 (a) It is made in support of or in opposition to a candidate for office by a person who is not (i) a candidate for that office, (ii) an authorized committee of that candidate for that office, (iii) a person who has received the candidate's encouragement or approval to make the

- expenditure, if the expenditure pays in whole or in part for political 1 2 advertising supporting that candidate or promoting the defeat of any other candidate or candidates for that office, or (iv) a person with 3 4 whom the candidate has collaborated for the purpose of making the 5 expenditure, if the expenditure pays in whole or in part for political advertising supporting that candidate or promoting the defeat of any 6 7 other candidate or candidates for that office;
- 8 (b) The expenditure pays in whole or in part for political 9 advertising that either specifically names the candidate supported or 10 opposed, or clearly and beyond any doubt identifies the candidate without using the candidate's name; and 11
- (c) The expenditure, alone or in conjunction with another 12 expenditure or other expenditures of the same person in support of or 13 opposition to that candidate, has a value of five hundred dollars or 14 15 more. A series of expenditures, each of which is under five hundred 16 dollars, constitutes one independent expenditure if their cumulative 17 value is five hundred dollars or more.
- (25)(a) "Intermediary" means an individual who transmits a 18 19 contribution to a candidate or committee from another person unless the contribution is from the individual's employer, immediate family as 20 defined for purposes of RCW 42.17.640 through 42.17.790, or an 21 association to which the individual belongs. 22
- (b) A treasurer or a candidate is not an intermediary for purposes 23 24 of the committee that the treasurer or candidate serves.
- 25 (c) A professional fund-raiser is not an intermediary if the fund-26 raiser is compensated for fund-raising services at the usual and 27 customary rate.
- (d) A volunteer hosting a fund-raising event at the individual's 28 home is not an intermediary for purposes of that event. 29
- 30 (26) "Legislation" means bills, resolutions, motions, amendments, 31 nominations, and other matters pending or proposed in either house of the state legislature, and includes any other matter that may be the 32 subject of action by either house or any committee of the legislature 33 34 and all bills and resolutions that, having passed both houses, are 35 pending approval by the governor.

38

(27) "Lobby" and "lobbying" each mean attempting to influence the passage or defeat of any legislation by the legislature of the state of Washington, or the adoption or rejection of any rule, standard, rate, 39 or other legislative enactment of any state agency under the state

- 1 Administrative Procedure Act, chapter 34.05 RCW. Neither "lobby" nor 2 "lobbying" includes an association's or other organization's act of
- 3 communicating with the members of that association or organization.
- 4 (28) "Lobbyist" includes any person who lobbies either in his or 5 her own or another's behalf.
- 6 (29) "Lobbyist's employer" means the person or persons by whom a 7 lobbyist is employed and all persons by whom he or she is compensated 8 for acting as a lobbyist.
- 9 (30) "Person" includes an individual, partnership, joint venture, 10 public or private corporation, association, federal, state, or local 11 governmental entity or agency however constituted, candidate, 12 committee, political committee, political party, executive committee 13 thereof, or any other organization or group of persons, however 14 organized.
- 15 (31) "Person in interest" means the person who is the subject of a 16 record or any representative designated by that person, except that if 17 that person is under a legal disability, the term "person in interest" 18 means and includes the parent or duly appointed legal representative.
- 19 (32) "Political advertising" includes any advertising displays, 20 newspaper ads, billboards, signs, brochures, articles, tabloids, 21 flyers, letters, radio or television presentations, or other means of 22 mass communication, used for the purpose of appealing, directly or 23 indirectly, for votes or for financial or other support in any election 24 campaign.
- 25 (33) "Political committee" means any person (except a candidate or 26 an individual dealing with his or her own funds or property) having the 27 expectation of receiving contributions or making expenditures in 28 support of, or opposition to, any candidate or any ballot proposition.
- (34) "Primary" for purposes of the limitation under RCW 42.17.640
 means the procedure for ((nominating a candidate to state office under
 chapter 29.18 or 29.21 RCW or any other primary for an election that
 uses, in large measure, the procedures established in chapter 29.18 or
 29.21)) qualifying candidates to the general election ballot under
 Title 29 RCW.
- 35 (35) "Public office" means any federal, state, county, city, town, 36 school district, port district, special district, or other state 37 political subdivision elective office.
- 38 (36) "Public record" includes any writing containing information 39 relating to the conduct of government or the performance of any

- governmental or proprietary function prepared, owned, used, or retained 2 by any state or local agency regardless of physical form or characteristics. For the office of the secretary of the senate and the 3 4 office of the chief clerk of the house of representatives, public records means legislative records as defined in RCW 40.14.100 and also 5 means the following: All budget and financial records; personnel 6 7 leave, travel, and payroll records; records of legislative sessions; reports submitted to the legislature; and any other record designated 8 9 a public record by any official action of the senate or the house of 10 representatives.
- 11 (37) "Recall campaign" means the period of time beginning on the 12 date of the filing of recall charges under RCW 29.82.015 and ending 13 thirty days after the recall election.
- 14 (38) "State legislative office" means the office of a member of the 15 state house of representatives or the office of a member of the state 16 senate.
- 17 (39) "State office" means state legislative office or the office of 18 governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, attorney general, 19 commissioner of public lands, insurance commissioner, superintendent of 20 public instruction, state auditor, or state treasurer.
- 21 (40) "State official" means a person who holds a state office.
- (41) "Surplus funds" mean, in the case of a political committee or 22 23 candidate, the balance of contributions that remain in the possession 24 or control of that committee or candidate subsequent to the election 25 for which the contributions were received, and that are in excess of 26 the amount necessary to pay remaining debts incurred by the committee 27 or candidate prior to that election. In the case of a continuing political committee, "surplus funds" mean those contributions remaining 28 in the possession or control of the committee that are in excess of the 29 30 amount necessary to pay all remaining debts when it makes its final report under RCW 42.17.065. 31
- handwriting, typewriting, 32 (42)"Writing" means printing, photostating, photographing, and every other means of recording any 33 form of communication or representation, including, but not limited to, 34 35 letters, words, pictures, sounds, or symbols, or combination thereof, 36 and all papers, maps, magnetic or paper tapes, photographic films and 37 prints, motion picture, film and video recordings, magnetic or punched cards, discs, drums, diskettes, sound recordings, and other documents 38

- 1 including existing data compilations from which information may be
- 2 obtained or translated.
- 3 As used in this chapter, the singular ((shall)) takes the plural
- 4 and any gender, the other, as the context requires.
- 5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 50.** The following acts or parts of acts are 6 each repealed:
- 7 (1) RCW 29.01.160 (September primary) and 1965 c 9 s 29.01.160;
- 8 (2) RCW 29.15.200 (Lapse of election when no filing for single
- 9 positions--Effect) and 1994 c 223 s 8 & 1975-'76 2nd ex.s. c 120 s 13;
- 10 (3) RCW 29.18.150 (Vacancies on major party ticket caused by no
- 11 filing--How filled) and 1990 c 59 s 102, 1977 ex.s. c 329 s 12, & 1965
- 12 c 9 s 29.18.150; and
- 13 (4) RCW 29.30.095 (Partisan candidates qualified for general
- 14 election) and 1990 c 59 s 96.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 51. The following acts or parts of acts are leach repealed:
- 17 (1) RCW 29.24.010 (Definitions--"Convention" and "election
- 18 jurisdiction") and 1977 ex.s. c 329 s 1 & 1965 c 9 s 29.24.010;
- 19 (2) RCW 29.24.020 (Nomination by convention or write-in--Date for
- 20 convention--Multiple conventions by single party) and 2001 c 30 s 2,
- 21 1989 c 215 s 2, 1977 ex.s. c 329 s 2, & 1965 c 9 s 29.24.020;
- 22 (3) RCW 29.24.025 (Notice of convention) and 1989 c 215 s 1;
- 23 (4) RCW 29.24.030 (Requirements for validity of convention) and
- 24 1989 c 215 s 3, 1977 ex.s. c 329 s 3, & 1965 c 9 s 29.24.030;
- 25 (5) RCW 29.24.035 (Nominating petition--Name--Registered voters)
- 26 and 2001 c 64 s 1, 2001 c 30 s 3, & 1989 c 215 s 5;
- 27 (6) RCW 29.24.040 (Certificate of nomination--Requisites) and 1989
- 28 c 215 s 4, 1977 ex.s. c 329 s 4, & 1965 c 9 s 29.24.040;
- 29 (7) RCW 29.24.060 (Certificate of nomination--Checking signatures--
- 30 Appeal of determination) and 1989 c 215 s 7, 1977 ex.s. c 329 s 6, &
- 31 1965 c 9 s 29.24.060;
- 32 (8) RCW 29.24.070 (Declarations of candidacy required, exceptions--
- 33 Payment of fees) and 1990 c 59 s 103, 1989 c 215 s 8, 1977 ex.s. c 329
- 34 s 7, & 1965 c 9 s 29.24.070; and
- 35 (9) RCW 29.24.--- and 2001 c 30 s 4.

- NEW SECTION. Sec. 52. RCW 29.24.055 is recodified as a section in chapter 29.19 RCW.
- 3 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 53.** (1) The code reviser shall recaption 4 chapter 29.18 RCW as "Primaries and elections for partisan offices."
- 5 (2) The code reviser shall recaption RCW 29.30.085 as "Candidates 6 qualified for general election."
- 7 (3) The code reviser shall recaption RCW 29.18.200 as "Rights of 8 voters in primary elections."
- 9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 54.** This act is necessary for the immediate 10 preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect 12 June 1, 2001.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 55. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected."
- 17 **SB 6183** S AMD 397

18 By Senators Hargrove and Finkbeiner

19 ADOPTED 05/14/01

- In line 1 of the title, after "primaries;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 29.30.085, 29.01.090, 29.01.130,
- 22 29.04.180, 29.04.190, 29.13.070, 29.15.010, 29.15.025, 29.15.040,
- 23 29.15.050, 29.15.060, 29.15.070, 29.15.080, 29.15.150, 29.15.160,
- 24 29.15.170, 29.15.190, 29.15.210, 29.15.220, 29.18.010, 29.18.160,
- 25 29.27.020, 29.27.050, 29.27.080, 29.27.090, 29.30.005, 29.30.020,
- 26 29.30.101, 29.42.010, 29.42.020, 29.42.050, 29.62.010, 29.62.180,
- 27 29.64.010, 29.64.015, 29.64.030, 29.64.040, 29.64.060, 29.68.080,
- 28 29.68.130, 29.71.020, 29.81.220, 29.85.100, and 42.17.020; amending
- 29 2001 c ... (SB 5275) s 17; adding a new section to chapter 29.07 RCW;

adding a new section to chapter 29.18 RCW; adding a new section to

- 31 chapter 29.01 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 29.15 RCW; adding a
- 32 new section to chapter 29.19 RCW; recodifying RCW 29.24.055; repealing
- 33 RCW 29.01.160, 29.15.200, 29.18.150, 29.30.095, 29.24.010, 29.24.020,

- 1 29.24.025, 29.24.030, 29.24.035, 29.24.040, 29.24.060, 29.24.070, and
- 2 29.24.---; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency."

--- END ---